## "Fast Pass" to Transplant: Improved Transplant Outcomes Through Better Waitlist Management



### **Transplant Services**

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### Collaborative Team Members

### Project Leader(s) and Discipline:

- \*Koren Way Transplant Administrator
- ❖David Axelrod, MD, MBA Division Chief

### Team Member Name(s) and Discipline:

- \*Janet Gooden, NP Transplant Nurse Practitioner
- Cindy Stone, RN Transplant Coordinator
- \*Clifton Hill, LCSW Transplant Social Worker
- \*Karen Chamberlain, RN Transplant Coordinator
- Erica Manley Transplant Assistant

### The Problem

- In short, there are more patients waiting for a transplant than there are organs available. As a result a sick population becomes even sicker while they wait.
- The median waiting time for a life saving kidney transplant is almost 4 years. In some regions the proportion of patients transplanted at 5 years still does not exceed 25%.
- During this time, 13 people a day, and almost 5,000 people a year will die while waiting. Another almost 4,000 will become too ill and will be removed from the waiting list.

## What can be done about it?

- While it is a challenge for transplant centers to evaluate patients and add patients to the waiting list, it is becoming an even more <u>difficult and increasingly important</u> challenge to keep them well while on the waiting list
- Some transplant centers have chosen to reduce access to the waiting list and become more cautious
  - Reduce listing higher risk patients
  - Results in lower transplant volumes and reduced access to transplant for deserving and acceptable recipients.
- We believe a more effective strategy is active management of patients who are waiting on the list.

### **AIM Statement**

- 1. To increase the percentage of patients on the kidney transplant waiting list who are in active status without decreasing the total number of patients on the waiting list.
- 2. Increase the number of transplants performed
- 3. Decrease a patient's time waiting on the list and the number of patients who die without being transplanted.

## Issues Identified by Program Leadership

- Insufficient staff and time dedicated to the management of waitlist patients.
- Lack of adequate and timely follow-up of waitlist patients
- Poor structure and processes to ensure patients were re-activated once medical and psychosocial issues were resolved
- Inadequate IT support to track patients

## Improvement Strategies Employed

- Developed timely, consistent, and effective communication tools for patients and referring providers regarding status on the waiting list and outstanding issues.
- Developed and implemented standardized tracking tools in the EHR to ensure testing is completed while on the waiting list
- Real time tracking of waitlist metrics to provide immediate team feedback

## Improvement Strategies Employed

- Redeployed staff to create a multidisciplinary waitlist team
  - Includes RN coordinator, social worker, and transplant assistants
  - Dedicated physician team to provide oversight and medical decision making
- Created weekly team meetings with a consistent agenda to review patients,
  - Develop coordinated plans, and ensure follow up
  - Team meetings include core team members, medical and surgical leadership, finance and division administration.

# How Will We Know This Change Is An Improvement?

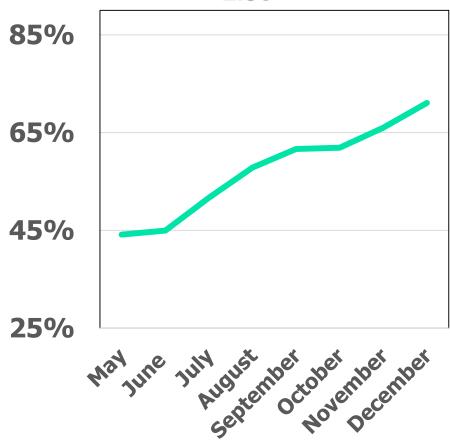
### Process Measure(s):

- Percent active/able to receive an organ on the waiting list by month
- Total number of patients on the waiting list per month
- Number of patients re-activated for transplant

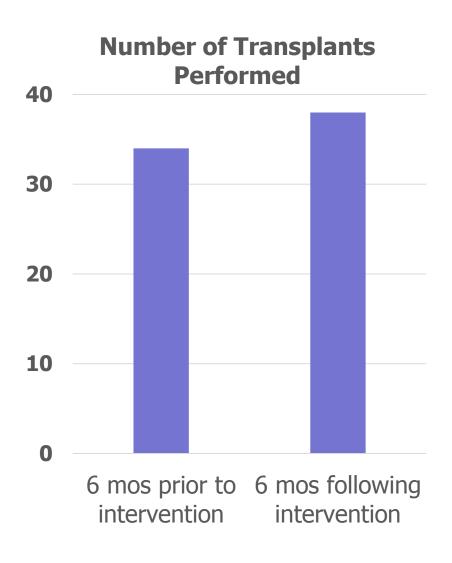
### Outcome Measure(s):

- Total number of transplants per year
- Risk adjusted rate of transplant (SRTR risk adjustment)
- Risk adjusted waitlist mortality rate (SRTR risk adjustment)

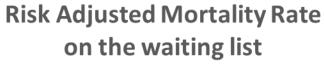
## Active Patients on the Kidney Transplant Waiting List

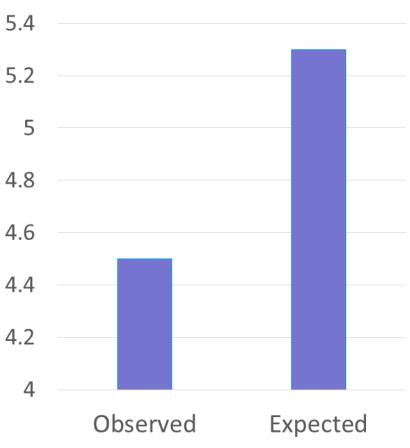


- Over 7 months, the proportion of patients who were active increased 44% to 71%.
- The total number of patients who were active on the list 135 to 172.



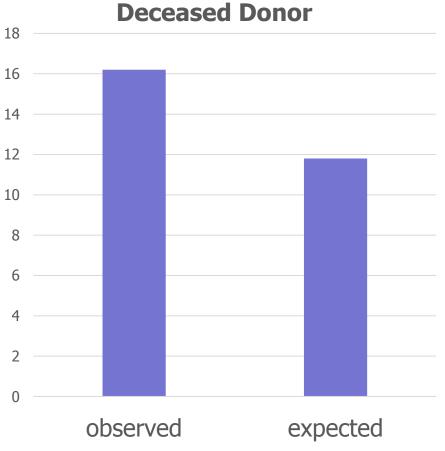
- Increase in the volume of transplants performed
- More patients were able to receive offers and so more transplants could be done.
- Increase in transplant revenue for Vidant.
- More transplants yields better quality of life for patients





- The current mortality rate for our patients on the waiting list is significantly lower than would be expected for similar patients at another center.
- Improved access to transplant results in better survival and quality of life for patients with end stage renal disease

## Risk Adjusted Transplant Rate:



- The current rate of deceased donor transplant for patients on the waiting list is statistically significantly faster than would be expected for similar patients at other transplant centers
- Improved access for deceased donor transplant is vital as access to living donor transplant has been limited in eastern NC

## **Next Steps**

- Improved patient education while on the waiting list through the use of hands on exercises and "homework assignments".
- Improved education should reduce length of stay and readmission following transplant.