



BACKGROUND

- Vidant Medical Center's (VMC) Pediatric Surgical team sought out a program to compare surgical outcomes with other Pediatric Hospitals
- The American College of Surgeons (ACS) National Surgical Quality Improvement Program-Pediatrics (NSQIP-Peds) collects Pre-op, Intra-op & Post-op variables & provides risk adjusted outcome-based comparison data
- VMC joined NSQIP-Peds in October of 2014 to identify & validate performance improvement initiatives

PROJECT AIM

Reduce post-operative complications in pediatric surgeries by 50% within 1 year by utilizing a risk-adjusted, outcomes based program to guide & validate performance improvement initiatives.

PROJECT DESIGN / STRATEGY

- Reports received from NSQIP-Peds were reviewed by the pediatric surgery team
- Outcomes identified an opportunity to reduce post-operative complications including Surgical Site Infections (SSI)
- Drilldowns narrowed the problematic area to one specific surgery type appendectomy
- Surgical protocol updates based on Best Practice were initiated
- Risk adjusted & non-risk adjusted reports tracking trends were followed & shared with a new Children's Quality Team
- Further initiatives beyond the operating room were developed

Teamwork, Perseverance & a Risk-Adjusted, Outcomes-Based Program **Aide in Decreasing Post-op Complication Rates**

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CHANGES MADE (PDSA CYCLES)

- 2015 NSQIP data identified VMC as a high outlier for Postop Occurrences
- VMC Identified variations in Appendicitis care between surgeons when compared to Best Practice
- Plan to create standardized **Appendectomy Protocol**
- Surgical Quality group expanded to include representatives from our Children's Hospital Care Team
- Reviewed further areas for improvement strategies with a focus on care inside & outside the surgical suite

RESULTS / OUTCOMES

Model O/E	01/15 -	07/15 -	01/16 -	07/16 -	01/17 -	07/17 -	01/18 -	07/18 -	01/19 -	07/19 -	01/20 -
	12/15	06/16	12/16	06/17	12/17	06/18	12/18	06/19	12/19	06/20	12/20
ALL Morbidity	2.10H	1.81H	1.14	1.2	1.40H	1.24	1.14	1.03	1.04	0.75	0.8
ALL SSI	2.08H	1.35	1.03	1.73H	1.72H	1.47	1.16	0.93	1	0.97	0.94
General Morbidity	2.04H	1.90H	1.29	1.27	1.65H	1.58H	1.23	0.95	1.03	0.77	0.85
General SSI	1.94H	1.32	1.13	1.86H	1.86H	1.62	1.26	0.95	0.99	1	1.07



Appendectomy Post Op Occurrence Rates

LESSONS LEARNED

- Reviewed Best Practice for Appendectomy Care
- Created a Standardized Appendectomy Protocol
 - Shared a new Standardized Protocol with Pediatric General Surgery care team
 - Trialed new Protocol
- Study

Do

Plan

Act

- NSQIP data followed and noted an immediate drop in Appendectomy postoperative occurrence rates
- Also noted a decrease in Overall General Surgery & All Surgery Morbidity Rates

- 56% Improvements noted in one specific procedure further reflect on overall performance (decreased appendectomy post op complication rates resulted in decreased General Surgery & All Surgical Morbidity rates)
- Access to non-risk-adjusted data provides real-time metrics of results post care change implementation
- Ability to monitor trends enhances collaboration between surgery & patient care teams identifying opportunities for multidisciplinary discussions & engagement

NEXT STEPS

- Identify further opportunities through multidisciplinary discussions to improve patient outcomes
- Outcome data can be shared to further expand the quality care team to include other surgical sub-specialties

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Within 1 year, postoperative complications decreased by 48% & SSIs decreased by